BOOKS OF ABSTRACT

2019 AND 2023

Bachelor of Science in Social Work

Preface

This book aims to collate BS Social Work students of the School of Liberal Arts research abstracts for Academic Years 2019 and 2023. The compilation includes various studies on various topics that are pertinent to Social Work.

This book contains many abstracts that present the students' commitment to finding solutions to burning social problems via scholarly research. It also stands as a helpful guide for subsequent researchers who intend to advance their predecessors' works.

This collection is intended to offer a glimpse into the research interests and trends of Social Work students over these two academic years. With utmost pride, this collection is published, with the expectation that it will aid in the visibility of students' academic achievements and help reinforce the college's pursuit of academic excellence and quality education.

Table Of Contents

Preface

Table of Contents

2019 Abstracts

Assessment on the Academic Difficulties

Encountered by Teenage Student Mothers in Marinduque

State College: Basis for Intervention----------

Dianne L. Ebero

Julie Monteagudo

Catherine S. Mabunga

Maria Mercene M. Rili

Experiences, Common Problems and Strategies

of Teenage Mothers in Barangay Yook, Buenavista,

Marinduque: A Case Analysis----------

Dharel R. Mediana

John Francis S. Morales

Marivic J. Pamfilo

Marion Grace L. Jandulong

Level of Gender Understanding on Attributes of

Male and Female Students of Marinduque State College----------

Al-Amar P. Manubac

Garret Loise N. Malapit

Ma. Camille L. Mistal

Jessa M. Rodelas

Difficulties Experienced by Teenage Mothers

in Municipality of Mogpog----------

Reca Mae L. Macalood

Krisza Jane M. Monteras

Marylou L. Paras

Kherlyn T. Ornos

Status Of Registered Social Workers in Marinduque

and their Career Satisfaction----------

Jericka P. Sadiua

Andita P. Esmediana

Rhea Mae L. Arellano

Mae Bernadeth A. Molbog

Experiences, Challenges and Coping Mechanisms of Students

with Physical Disabilities: It's Impact to the Study----------

Rosalie Y. Fabul

Mary Ann M. Lamac

Ma. Princess L. Sajul

Zyrelle Mae Rioflorido

Effects of Family Development Session (FDS)

to 4P's Beneficiaries in Tabi, Boac, Marinduque ----------

Rossini A. Malaylay.

Rachielle Ann I. Regencia

Lanie S. Saysa

Awareness of Pantawid Pamilyang Pilipino

Program Beneficaries on Social Work Profession

in the Municipality of Buenavista: It's Implication

to Student Career Choice----------

Naira L. Jalimbawa

Marylyn M. Malaylay

Leny M. Mon

John Robert R. Sario

Effects of Climate Change Among the Fisher

folks in Brgy's Libas and Yook Buenavista Marinduque----------

Joshua Marcelo

Ronabelle Vitto

Florie Ann Medenilla

Babelyn Jinang

Experiences by Bereaved Family- Their Difficulties
and Remedial Action to Overcome: A Basis
for Resiliency Model----------
Jay-Frey F. Loto
Julie Ann M. Nambio
Dianne Joy D. Rejano

Utilization of Allowance among Expanded
Students' Grant-in- Aid Program for
Poverty Alleviation (ESGP-PA) Grantees
of Marinduque State College - Boac Campus----------
Bernadine Sueno Leynes
Monica Sadiwa Larga
Kristine Manahan Saporna
Mharvin Enriquez Julao

The Problem Experienced, Coping Mechanism
and its Effectiveness at Neglected Children in the
Municipality of Boac: A Case Analysis----------
Angelica Rose M. Malitao
Rhiena Ann M. Ogayre
Whyn Chee L. Naling

Jenny S. Privado

Self-Care Management of Social Work Practitioners

in Marinduque Experiencing Stressfull Situation----------

Maribel P. Pamfilo

Colee M. Largado

Maria Ethel S. Lintot

Mieko L. Mabango

Status of Health and Economic Situation of

Senior Citizens in Brgy. Balanacan, Mogpog, Marinduque

and their Level of Satisfaction----------

Jessieca R. Mabato

Mary Joy R. Mantal

Judy Ann L. Metin

Joy Ann M. Molbog

Involvement of Children in Deep Sea Fishing at

Barangays Paye and Sayao, Municipality

of Mogpog, Marinduque----------

Julius Larracas Estrada

Jomel Ferrer Justiniano

Ivie Sevilla Villavicencio

Jenny Lyn Magdalita Quijano

2023 Abstracts

Improvements in the Lives of Graduates of

Pantawid Pamilyang Pilipino Program (4P's)

in District 8 of Mogpog, Marinduque----------

Linga, Alyana Kem J.
Ibasitas, Ross Ann L.

A Tracer Study in the Graduates of Bachelor of

Science in Social Work Marinduque State College Batch 2002----------

Daiz, Danica L.
Ferrera, Clarisse L.
Dela Cruz, Norilie L.

Satisfaction Level of Person's with Mobility Disability

on the Access to Public Transportation in Boac, Marinduque----------

Merelos, John Czirrus N.
Landoy, Kenneth F.
Marciano, Chinee Lyn M.

The Way of Life of the Filipino Centenarians in

Marinduque, their Benefits and Privileges: A Qualitative Study----------

Palomares, Ma. Alaiza R.
Recto, Angela M.

Improvements in the Lives of Graduate of Pantawid Pamilyang

Pilipino (4P's) in District 2 of Mogpog, Marinduque----------
Portajada, Jennica L.
Noche, Josephine M.

Determining Compassion Fatigue Coping among

Social Work Practitioners in Marinduque----------
Largado, Z.M., Montero, K.L., Marciano, C.M.

Tracer's Study of Graduates of Youth Development Session

(Year 2023) in Boac, Marinduque----------

Lecaros, Roville D.
Matimtim, Joedy Lyn Jane M.

Level of Satisfaction of Elderly People to the Public

Healthcare Services in Tabionan, Gasan, Marinduque----------

Oñate, Maria Jhemaline B.
Bayer, Krishaline R.

Parenting Children with Special Needs----------

Olpot, Joan Patrick M.
Mascariñas, Maica J.

Lived Experiences of MSC Work Student with a Solo Parent----------

Estrella, R.A., Montiano, A.L. and Marciano, C.M.

Lived Experiences of BS Social Work Students with Unplanned Pregnant----------

Mabunga, Angel R.
Ramiro, Joan T.
Dela Cruz, Norilie L.

Profile of Marinduque State University College of TES Grantees from 2020-2022----------
Parafina, Jonilyn
Molato, Jerilyn M.

The Lived Experiences of Abandoned Youngsters in the Selected Barangay of Boac----------

Malitao, Daylyn Ann M.
Ramos, Rosebeth L.
Rodelas, Emilita R.

Challenges Faced by Fourth Year BS Social Work Students

during their Field Instruction First Semester of 2022-2023----------

Regencia, Sheila Mae F.
Pereda, Hanna Gabrielle T.

Challenges of Having Children with Intellectual Disability in Boac, Marinduque----------

Sajul, J.S, Maalindog, N.E and Marciano, C.M.

2019

Abstracts

Assessment on the Academic Difficulties Encountered by Teenage Student Mothers in Marinduque State College: Basis for Intervention

Dianne L. Ebero

Julie Monteagudo

Catherine S. Mabunga

Maria Mercene M. Rili

Adviser: Mrs. Erma E. Reyes, RSW, MBA

This study aimed to determine the academic difficulties encountered by teenage student-mothers ages 17-19 years old in Marinduque State College during the year 2018-2019. The data needed were gathered through demographic form of questionnaire aided by in-depth interview. The respondents of this study were 12 teenage student-mothers from six schools in the college namely: School of Allied Medicine, School of Liberal Arts, School of Education, School of Technology, Institute of Criminal Justice and School of Business & Management.

The findings of the researchers revealed that majority of teenage student-mothers are 19 years old, single parent, and on the 2nd year college. They belong to low wage family with only 3,000-5,000 monthly income. The problems encountered by the respondents in time management are their hectic schedule, absenties loaded requirements, procrastination and problems in concentration while their financial difficulties include poor financial support from their families, few allowance to pay for school fees and transportation fees, and lastly, they have many expenses in home and school to pay for. The problems mentioned affect their academic performance negatively. The coping mechanism they commonly employ is their problems in time management which is neither ineffective nor effective while the coping mechanisms they employ to solve their problems in financial is low effective.

It is hereby recommended to the Gender and Development Unit (GADU) to offer trainings about time management for single student-mothers in the school and the Commission on Higher Education (CHED) and the Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD) may offer

them scholarships. The Office of the Guidance Counselor may offer academic counseling for the respondents considering that their encountered problems in time management and financial difficulties have negative impact to their studies. The respondents may modify their common coping mechanism toward time management like lending notes and photocopies of lessons from their classmates as it is noted as neither effective nor ineffective in this study and in their common coping mechanisms to solve their financial difficulty such as making excuses for not attending school or absences, it is low effective. Since the study is focused only on the academic difficulties of teenage student-mothers, the future researchers may conduct the same study about their family problems that will determine their relationship problems with their parents, child and the father of their babies to understand the family situations of teenage student-mothers.

Keywords: Teenage student-mothers, Time Management, and Financial Difficulty

Experiences, Common Problems and Strategies of Teenage Mothers in Barangay Yook, Buenavista, Marinduque: A Case Analysis

Dharel R. Mediana

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Marivic J. Pamfilo

Marion Grace L. Jandulong

Adviser: Loida T. Bolito, RSW

This study is about exploring the experiences of teenage mothers in Barangay Yook, Buenavista, Marinduque. The participants were ten identified teenage mothers who got pregnant during their adolescent period, based on the data recorded at the Buenavista Municipal Health Office (MHO). A qualitative research and phenomenological approach were used in determining the experiences of the teenage mothers into different stages.

The researchers have employed two sessions Focused Group Discussion as a research method (FGD Guide) and an open-ended question were used to determine the live experiences of the teenage mothers in different stages. Each session consists of five members who answered the same questions and follow-up interviews.

As a result of the study, it was found out that most of the teenage mothers were in high school when they became pregnant and stopped with their studies to conceive the baby. Struggles came into their lives as teen couples especially in their relationships and in their families, peers, and community. Some changes happened with their physical, emotional and psychological aspects which developed maturity. They have learned to prioritize their children than pursuing education in high school but willing if opportunities get into them and to be able to find a better job and pursue their studies in college.

Keywords: Teenage Mothers, Case Study

Level of Gender Understanding on Attributes of Male and Female Students of Marinduque State College

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Ma. Camille L. Mistal

Jessa M. Rodelas

Adviser: Erma E. Reyes RSW, MBA

This descriptive study aims to determine the level of gender understanding on the attributes of male and female students of Marinduque State College students Boac Campus. The researchers constructed a self-survey questionnaire. This study was conducted at Marinduque State College Boac, campus. The 325 respondents of this study are First year students who are enrolled in academic year 2018-2019. The table was divided into four parts which include the respondent demographic profile, students respondents position about gender equality, students beliefs on the attributes of male and female. The respondents who belong to the Marinduque State College students are aware about gender equality however, they have very low understanding about gender roles, gender stereotypes and had shown some gender biases. The study may show that they had knowledge about gender equality however, they are not gender sensitive. Based on the findings and conclusions the researchers recommend, to the Marinduque State College Faculty, to genderize the teaching techniques and strategies, so students may realize and be aware on the importance of gender equality and sensitivity in their lives and studies. Education is an instrument, which could advocate the importance of gender sensitivity and equality, to the Gender and Development Unit (GAD), that they may use this study as a basis to establish more programs and seminars about gender equality and development to draw awareness about gender among students. The researchers recommend to the future researchers to do a follow-up study to further give students full

understanding on the real essence of Gender equality and sensitivity, for the students, that they could be gender sensitive and be able to understand the role of men and women.

Keywords: Gender, sensitivity, stereotypes, understanding, students, male, women.

Difficulties Experienced by Teenage Mothers in Municipality of Mogpog

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Kherlyn T. Ornos

Adviser: Mrs. Loida T. Bolito

This study aimed to explore and assess the difficulties experienced by teenage mothers in the municipality of Mogpog. Generally, it attempted to know the following aspects of the teenage mothers 1) Demographic Profile; 2) Difficulties of Teenage Mothers in terms of, Financial, Social Relationship, Schooling and Health Issues 3) The Coping Strategies of her Situations.

The respondents of this study were the six teen mothers of the municipality of Mogpog. They were chosen using purposeful sampling to elicit in-depth information and knowledge of the topic under study. It was used to choose respondents willing to share their experiences. Based on the findings and the conclusion of the study, the recommendations are 1) The Rural Health Unit may have programs and services to lessen the cases of teenage mothers. 2)The municipality of Mogpog may render some actions in rising population of teenage mothers and provide them programs and services.3) The municipality may also provide teen mothers a livelihood training program available in their barangay where they will earn extra income.

Keywords: Difficulties Experienced by the Teenage Mothers, Financial, Social Relationship, Schooling and Health Issues.

Status Of Registered Social Workers in Marinduque and their Career Satisfaction

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The purpose of this study was to determine the status and the level of career satisfaction among Registered Social Workers in the province of Marinduque. Career satisfaction is measured by assessing the job satisfaction in terms of work, interpersonal relationship, organization, working condition and benefits/privileges that contribute to their satisfaction. Likewise, the study presented the significant relationship between demographic profile and the level of career satisfaction. Also, the significant relationship between the five factors and the level of satisfaction of respondents. A combination of modified and self-constructed questionnaire was distributed to the 23 practitioners represented in 82.3% response rate who are working in different social welfare setting. The study used quantitative method. Findings were older Registered Social Workers who are working for longer years and those who are working in private setting are more satisfied in their chosen career. Analysis of results concluded that majority of the Marinduque RSW's are generally satisfied in their social work profession.

Keywords: career satisfaction, job satisfaction, registered social workers, social work profession

Experiences, Challenges and Coping Mechanisms of Students with Physical Disabilities: It's Impact to the Study

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Adviser: Mrs. May Anne C. Banaga,RSW

The study aimed to determine the experiences of high school students with physical disabilities in Marinduque who are enrolled in regular high school. This also wanted to reveal the challenges experienced by the participants as well as the coping strategies that the participants used to face all of those dispute, its effectiveness and the input of the study for person with disabilities There were 5 selected students with physical disabilities that were chosen through purposive sampling who participated on the study. The study was a exploratory research and qualitative type that employed purposive sampling technique and in-depth interview for data gathering. The result of the study showed that they experienced bullying, having satisfying relationship with their classmates and insecurity towards their normal classmates. The study also revealed that high school students with physical disabilities experienced challenges that affect their accessibility to quality education like the distance of the school from the residence, bullying, financial insufficiency and coping strategies as family supports and self-determination. It indicated that the participants are doing fine despite of the challenges they encountered.

Effects of Family Development Session (FDS) to 4P's Beneficiaries in Tabi, Boac, Marinduque

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Rachielle Ann I. Regencia

Lanie S. Saysa

Adviser: Ruel H. Bañaga, RSW

This descriptive study aim to determine the effects of FDS to 4ps beneficiaries in Barangay Tabi, Boac, Marinduque. The respondents of this study were 31 4Ps beneficiaries in barangay Tabi. The instruments used in this research are direct interview and survey questionnaire and divided into three parts. The first part is Demographic profile in terms of age, sex, marital status, educational attainment, number of children and occupation. The second part is about the FDS Topics and the last is the questionnaires for the effects of the program to the lives of the beneficiaries in terms of education and health. Frequency, Percentage and weighted mean were used in the treatment and interpretation of the data gathered.

From the summary of findings: This study shows that Family Development Session of 4Ps in Barangay Tabi, Boac improved the lives of the beneficiaries through the topics they discuss during the session. The respondents strongly agreed that FDS has a positive effect to their family most especially to their children in terms of education and health.

From the findings, the following conclusion were drawn: The research finds that the FDS in Barangay Tabi, Boac, helps improve the lives of the beneficiaries because of the learnings they acquired from the topics in the said session. Furthermore, the research shows that the FDS has an effect in terms of uplifting the importance of the families' valuing of education and health.

Considering the foregoing conclusion, the researcher recommends the following intervention: 1) The Leaders and Facilitators should continue monitoring of 4Ps beneficiaries in the application of their learnings from FDS topics to their families & the community. 2) The Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD) should continue the implementation of programs for the 4Ps beneficiaries including the FDS so that the beneficiaries could acquire more knowledge that are beneficial and could brought positive effect to their everyday living. 3) Future researchers may also conduct a follow up or similar study about this Family Development Session in different Barangays in Boac, Marinduque or in other Municipalities in order to know how effective the FDS is to the other places in our province.

Keywords: Effects, Family Development Session, 4Ps Beneficiaries, health, education

Awareness of Pantawid Pamilyang Pilipino Program Beneficaries on Social Work Profession in the Municipality of Buenavista: It's Implication to Student Career Choice

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Marylyn M. Malaylay

Leny M. Mon

John Robert R. Sario

Adviser: May Ann C. Bañaga

This study aimed to measure the awareness of Pantawid Pamilyang Pilipino Program on Social Work Profession in the Municipality of Buenavista Marinduque. The descriptive research design was used in this study. The instrument used in this research is direct interview and survey questionnaire and divided into four parts. The first part is Demographic Profile in terms of Age, Gender and Occupation. The Second is Source of Awareness followed by Level of Awareness in terms of Qualification for Professional Social worker, Roles of Social Worker and Social Work Settings and last is Belief and Attitude of the respondents on Professional Social Worker.

The respondents of this study were 231 4P's Beneficiaries in the Municipality of Buenavista Marinduque. Likert scale was utilized to determine the sample size while respondents were chosen through quota sampling technique. Frequency, Percentage and Weighted mean were utilized to

treat and interpret the gathered data. From the summary of findings hereby enumerated: 1. The respondents are predominantly 41-50 years old, female and are unemployed housewives. 2. Majority of the respondents has lack of awareness on internet and lack of access in terms of information on social work profession. In terms of seek help they are aware that social work course exists. 3. Majority of the respondents are aware in college graduate with any course has qualification in any course. Furthermore, social worker portrays child protector as the role of social work and the Government institution like DSWD can practice their profession 4. Attitude and Belief toward social work Profession majority of the respondents are neutral responded that social work is an easy career and agreed that social workers are intelligent. The null hypothesis indicates that there is no significance relationship between the age of the respondents and their belief on social work. Therefore, the null hyphothesis was accepted. While on attitude there was significant relationship between age and attitude thus, the null hyphothesis was rejected.

Effects of Climate Change Among the Fisher folks in Brgy's Libas and Yook Buenavista Marinduque

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Florie Ann Medenilla

Babelyn Jinang

Thesis Adviser: Erma E. Reyes, RSW, MBA

The study aims to determine the effects of climate change to the social and economic life of fisherfolks in Barangay Libas and Yook, Buenavista Marinduque. Qualitative research design was used. Purposive Sampling was used in determining the 28 target respondents. The instrument used by the researchers was focus-group discussion using self-constructed FGD guide in order to determine and identify the risk or harm caused by the effect of climate change to fisherfolks. For the result of discussion and interpretation of data, the method used was thematic analysis. The findings of this study in terms of socio-economic condition revealed that the life of fisherfolks were very poor, because their meager income in fishing is not sufficient to acquire basic necessities like foods, medicines and clothing. Typhoons, extreme hot temperatures, rising sea levels, flooding, air and water pollution are the effects of climate change experienced by the fisherfolks which brought problems when it comes to livelihood and health conditions. Despite of the problems, they engaged in adaptation strategies like waste management and environmental

preservation in order to mitigate the effects of climate change. AHON Project, river flood control, livelihood training program and Bottom-Up Budgeting are the programs and services rendered by Local Government Unit. This is a show of resiliency that can be able to bounce back with the situation, no matter how hard they experienced. Based on the findings, the following recommendations are: (1) the fisher folks of Barangay's Libas and Yook increase their awareness regarding the programs and services to he rendered by the Local Government, (2) BFAR, DENR, DA, DSWD and TESDA may formulate some interventions for the fisher folks affected by climate change in terms of alternative sources of livelihood. This also could serve as reference for preparing mitigation plans for the fisher folks, (3) Barangay Libas and Yook will give insights among commonly officials as well as residents to be prepared and ensure that there are mitigation plans for the fisher folks and other people that may be affected by climate change, (4) DOH and PHD to provide health services available to fisher folks and other children who felt different diseases, (5) LGUs to implement various mitigation programs for the effected barangay, (6) For the future researchers, they may conduct similar study about climate change will serves as reference material.

Keywords: Socio-economic condition, effects of climate change, adaptive capacities, resiliency, fisherfolks

Experiences by Bereaved Family- Their Difficulties and Remedial Action to Overcome: A Basis for Resiliency Model

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This study aims to determine the resiliency of bereaved families, who experienced crisis situation due to loss of a family member. The researchers used qualitative and case study research design to determine the resiliency of families who experienced trauma in view of the death of their loved ones. Purposive sampling and convenience methods were used in selecting the participants. The participants of this study were six (6) bereaved families who lost their loved ones two years ago. An in-depth interview guide and observation were also used in gathering data based on the result of the conducted in-depth interview among the six (6) selected bereaved families in the six (6) Municipalities of Marinduque. The researchers interpreted the data by using a Case Study

Analysis and build up the Resiliency Model. The study showed that the Resiliency Model composed of Strong Family and Social Support System, Physical Activities, Religious Activities, Hope, Positive Outlook and Acceptance redound to a resilient bereaved Family.

Keywords: Bereaved Family, Accidents, Resiliency Model

Utilization of Allowance among Expanded Students' Grant-in- Aid Program for Poverty Alleviation (ESGP-PA) Grantees of Marinduque State College - Boac Campus

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Kristine Manahan Saporna

Mharvin Enriquez Julao

Adviser: Loida T. Bolito, RSW

This study is a descriptive type of research using qualitative and quantitative method for determining the problems encountered in the utilization of allowance and how it was utilized by the former ESGP-PA student grantees of Marinduque State College Boac Campus. It utilized a survey and direct interview to ensure the data were rightly obtained. Based on the result of the findings the following conclusion was drawn: The problems encountered by the former ESP-PA student grantees in the utilization of their allowance are lack of control and difficulty in budgeting, due to lack of control in compulsive spending behavior and spending some portion of the allowance for their desires and wants. Respondents encountered difficulty in budegeting their allowance due to the expenses and debts caused by the delay in the release of the allowance. Respondents took the financial responsibilities which some portion of their allowance was given to support the basic needs of their families. Thus, some portion of the allowance was allocated for non-allowable allocation which was not covered by the guideline of the program. Thus, the researchers recommended the following: The student-grantees may retain the proper allocation of allowance as stated from the guideline of the program. The DSWD may further enhance their orientation on the strict implementation of the guideline on the proper use of the financial assistance. The family may strictly adhere to the policies/guiderline for 4Ps in order to eliminate doubts on the proper disbursement of funds. The DSWD may take note of the disbursement of the funds. The parents may educate about the proper management and utilization of the allowance." The future researchers may use this study as reference.

Keywords: allowance, expenses

The Problem Experienced, Coping Mechanism and its Effectiveness at Neglected Children in the Municipality of Boac: A Case Analysis

Angelica Rose M. Malitao

Rhiena Ann M. Ogayre

Whyn Chee L. Naling

Jenny S. Privado

Adviser: Ruel H. Bañaga, RSW

This study aimed to explore and assess the experiences of selected cases of neglected children and to determine possible intervention that may improve their condition. The subjects of this study were the identified four (4) neglected children from the Municipality of Boac, Marinduque. Case study was chosen as the methodology for the study wherein In Depth Interview and Key Informant Interview were used. Moreover, the study showed that the cases belong to the category of out of school youth and to the young children and young adult aged group. Domestic abuse was identified as one of the major reasons why the subject children were neglected and/or force to live on the street. In addition, financial difficulties and lack of financial resources also affect the child and the child's family to provide the needs to be given to the child.

Based on the findings of this case study research, the researchers recommend the following agencies, institutions and activities as interventions: 1) Government/Non-Government institutions, 2) Rural Health Unit 3) Municipal Social Welfare and Development Office of Boac, 4) Parental training programs, and 5) Advocacy Campaign.

Key Words: Neglected Children, Case Study

Self-Care Management of Social Work Practitioners in Marinduque Experiencing Stressfull Situation

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Colee M. Largado

Maria Ethel S. Lintot

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Adviser: Mrs. May Anne C. Bañaga

This study aims to determine the level of stress and self-care management of the social work practitioners in Marinduque experiencing stressful situation. It also wants to identify the relationship between stress and self-care. This study used quantitative approach in organizing and interpreting the data. Purposive sampling was used in selecting the participants. There are 21 respondents out of 28 registered social workers from the different social welfare institutions of Marinduque who participated in this study. Adapted survey questionnaire was used in gathering the data. Each survey questionnaire has its own interpretation. Survey questionnaires were distributed based on the number of registered social workers in a certain institutions. Demographic profile such as age, gender, and civil status were also identified in connection with handling the stress and managing self-care.

Keywords: Social work, stress, and self-care

Status of Health and Economic Situation of Senior Citizens in Brgy. Balanacan, Mogpog, Marinduque and their Level of Satisfaction

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Judy Ann L. Metin

Joy Ann M. Molbog

Adviser: Loida T. Bolito, RSW

This study aims to assess and evaluate the status of health and economic situation of senior citizens and their level of satisfaction. The subject and respondents for this study were the senior citizen's health and economic situation. Survey questionnaires were used to gather the data. The data were interpreted using by frequency, percentage and weighted mean. The result of this study revealed that most of the senior citizens in Bgy. Balanacan has extreme illness and most of them are beneficiary of social pension and few are not beneficiary, thus the respondents are moderately satisfied with the government services and their social life.

Based on the findings of this study, the researchers recommend the following: 1.) Reinforcement of the existing programs and services regarding the health situation of the senior citizens. 2.) The Office of Senior Citizens' Affair may extend the coverage of giving social pension, which all the senior citizens can avail. 3.) Reinforcement of the government services and provide programs regarding the social life of the senior citizens that may contribute to the level of the senior citizens satisfaction. 4.) Future Researcher may conduct study regarding senior citizens, which has significant relation with this prior study but may focus on different aspects aside senior citizen's health and economic situation

Key Words: Senior Citizens, Health Situation, Economic Situation, Level of Satisfaction

Involvement of Children in Deep Sea Fishing at Barangays Paye and Sayao, Municipality of Mogpog, Marinduque

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Jenny Lyn Magdalita Quijano

Adviser: Loida T. Bolito, RSW

The study aimed to make a situational analysis of the children involved in deep sea fishing in barangay Paye and Sayao, Mogpog, Marinduque. Additionally, the researchers wanted to identify the personal-related profile, socio-economic condition, family situation and other related

factors that might be the cause of their participation, risks and detriments that may occur while in these operation and its effect on their socio-economic condition This qualitative research identified 17 respondents through purposive sampling method. Two Focus Group Discussions were conducted in each research locale With the use of the FGD guide, data gathering proceeded. The result revealed that majority of the participants' age ranges from 12-19 years old but they were at the age range of 8 to 17 years old when first involved in deep sea fishing. The factors that lead to the involvement of the children in deep sea fishing are poverty, personal choice, family and community supported by the theory of person in environment. Deep sea fishing is risky and detrimental because it provides threats where individual's personality and development are greatly affected Children in this operation are most likely to be at a disadvantage socially and economically, losing academic success and unable to enjoy basic rights. This research study was conducted to provide awareness on the concerned institutions like Department of Social Welfare and Development Office, Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources and the Department of Labor and Employment regarding the situations of the children involved in deep sea fishing

Keywords: detriments, deep-sea fishing, focus group discussion, prevalence, coastline communities.

2023

Abstracts

Improvements in the Lives of Graduates of Pantawid Pamilyang Pilipino Program (4P's) in District 8 Mogpog Marinduque

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Ross Ann L. Ibasitas

This research study analyzes the improvement in the lives of graduates of Pantawid Pamilyang Pilipino Programs in District 8 of Mogpog, Marinduque. Specifically, it examines the program's influence on the health and education status of their children, the acquired skills and knowledge from Family Development Sessions (FDS), and improvements faced by the non-poor beneficiaries after Completed the Program. The study utilized a qualitative research method, employing survey questionnaires to gather data from 80 former beneficiaries across four barangays. This data aims to address the research problems, shedding light on the beneficiaries status post-removal from the program.

The findings reveal positive impacts on children's health and education, indicating notable improvements and advancements. Furthermore, the Family Development Sessions contribute to enhanced financial management, instilling positive family values, encouraging community engagement, and fostering resilience among former beneficiaries. The research also highlights improvements in basic household amenities and overall program conditions after the completion of the 4Ps program, suggesting a positive economic transformation.

In conclusion, the study asserts that the 4Ps program has a positive influence on the education, health, and economic aspects of the lives of non-poor beneficiaries. Recommendations for the future objectives call for continuing to emphasize the promotion

of healthy lifestyles, offering financial literacy instruction, and fostering community involvement. The discussion on social welfare programs and their long-term effects on beneficiaries' well-being is broadened by these findings

Keywords: Beneficiaries, Family Development Sessions, Pantawid Pamilyang Pilipino

A Tracer Study in the Graduates of Bachelor of Science in Social Work of Marinduque State College Batch 2022

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This study assessed the TRACER STUDY IN THE GRADUATES OF BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN SOCIAL WORK OF MARINDUQUE STATE COLLEGE BATCH 2022. The data needed was gathered through CHEDD-prescribed survey questionnaire administered to 70 BS Social Work graduates who graduated in year 2022 at Marinduque State Colleges. Tables were likewise prepared for the presentation, analysis and interpretation of data

This study aims to trace current employment status of BS Social Work graduates at Marinduque State College from batch 2022.

Considering the findings revealed in the study, most BS Social Work graduates are currently employed which are related and not related to social work. However, most of the graduates are not yet taking the Licensure Examination for Social Workers (LESW) due to personal reasons.

Graduates who are currently working believed they needed to take further training or studies to get better competencies, improve their careers, and obtain a higher salary.

To improve the LESW performance of the BS Social Work graduates, the BS Social Work Program should propose a retention policy as well as enhance and improve the social work program.

Keywords: Tracer Study, BS Social Work, Employment Status, LESW

Satisfaction Level of Person's with Mobility Disability on the Access to Public Transportation in Boac Marinduque

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This research investigates the level of satisfaction people with mobility disability on the access to public transportation in Boac Marinduque by assessing their problem encountered, factors take into account and frequency in using public transportation. Universal design theory, the study explores how the problem encountered by people with mobility disability in using public transportation affect their satisfaction. Using a descriptive non-experimental quantitative design and surveys, the study includes 42 persons with mobility disability from six barangay from Ilaya

III district, Boac. Based on the findings, it is therefore concluded that the level of satisfaction of most of the respondents are satisfied in their access to public vehicles. However, even if they sometimes encounter problem in using public vehicles, it doesn't have a significant relationship or doesn't affect their level of satisfaction. Respondents sometimes encounter problems in accessing public transportation when it comes to problems in boarding or transferring in vehicles. Recommendations include may the LGU Boac adopt the universal design when it comes to public transportation which improving both PWD and non PWD can board. This means to build a Pwd-friendly vehicle unit for PWD's, Innovation has a larger space to accommodate a passenger in a wheelchair. It also has a ramp to easily draw the passenger into the vehicle.

Keywords: Persons with mobility disability, public transportation, accessibility

The Way of Life of the Filipino Centenarians in Marinduque, their Benefits and Privileges: A Qualitative Study

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This qualitative study aimed to explore the way of life, experiences, and benefits of Filipino centenarians in Marinduque, as well as to identify challenges in accessing benefits and suggest improvements in elderly programs. The research utilized in-depth interviews with four centenarians from various municipalities in Marinduque. Approval was obtained from relevant authorities prior to data collection. Thematic analysis revealed several findings: centenarians

expressed fulfillment in reaching the age of a hundred, exhibited heightened sensitivity to daily living, faced limitations in activities, and appreciated government benefits. Despite health complications and feelings of uselessness, they cherished the opportunity to be with family and reminisced about past experiences. Their longevity was attributed to moderation in lifestyle, adherence to beliefs, and familial support. Accessing government grants required navigating bureaucratic processes, but financial support from children facilitated daily needs. Overall, this study provides valuable insights into the lives of centenarians in Marinduque and underscores the importance of enhancing support systems for the elderly population.

Keywords: Centenarians, benefits, privileges

Improvements in the Lives of Graduate of Pantawid Pamilyang Pilipino (4P's) in District 2 of Mogpog, Marinduque

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This research study analyzes the impact of the Pantawid Pamilyang Pilipino Program (4Ps) in the lives of its former beneficiaries in District 2 of Mogpog, Marinduque Specifically, it examines the program's influence on the health and education status of their children, the improvement in the economic status of the family, and the acquired knowledge from Family Development Sessions (FDS). The study utilized a qualitative research method, employing survey questionnaires to gather data from 45 former beneficiaries across four barangays in District 2,

Mogpog. This data aims to address the research problems, shedding light on the beneficiaries status post-removal from the program.

The findings reveal positive impacts on children's health and education, indicating notable improvements and advancements. Furthermore, the Family Development Sessions contribute to enhanced financial management, instilling positive family values, encouraging community engagement, and fostering resilience among former beneficiaries. The research also highlights improvements in basic household amenities and overall program conditions after the completion of the 4Ps program, suggesting a positive economic transformation.

In conclusion, the study asserts that the 4Ps program has a positive influence on the education, health, and economic aspects of the lives of non-poor beneficiaries. Recommendations for future initiatives include maintaining a focus on promoting healthy lifestyles, providing financial literacy training, and encouraging community engagement. These findings contribute to the broader discourse on social welfare programs and their long-term impact on beneficiary well-being.

Keywords: Beneficiaries, Family Development Sessions, Pantawid Pamilyang Pilipino Program

Determining Compassion Fatigue Coping Among Social Work Practitioners in Marinduque

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Compassion fatigue, often referred to as the cost of caring, is a common response among individuals exposed to narratives of personal trauma. Besides exposure to trauma, a demanding workload and a lack of a supportive environment also contribute to compassion fatigue among social workers. The research aimed to delve deeper into social workers' experiences when working with distressed clients understand the symptoms of compassion fatigue they encountered, explore the support they accessed in terms of quality supervision, support from colleagues, and personal support, and examine their personal experiences with coping.

The study utilized a qualitative approach, specifically in-depth interviews, involving six social workers with one to five years of experience in direct social work practice. Twelve major themes were identified using thematic analysis: (i) Mental and Emotional Impact, (ii) Impact on Social Relationships; (ii) Physical Impact; (iv) Supervisory support by the participants; (v)Co-workers Support the Participants; (vi) Agency's Organizational Support to the Participants; (vii) Family Support to Participants; (viii) Self-care and Relaxation; (ix) Building Strong Bonds with a Support System; (x) Participants Seeking Support; (xi) Participants Using Emotional Release Tools and (xii) Maladaptive coping Mechanisms.

The findings provide an important understanding that compassion fatigue can significantly affect workers, particularly those in helping professions like social work. Despite the absence of formal support, the workers found ways to manage their well-being, perhaps through informal

support networks or personal coping strategies, highlighting their resilience in the face of adversity. The research provides public and private institutions with a clear understanding of employees' welfare, develops adequate coping strategies for positive self-care, and carries out regular stress debriefing to develop social work practitioners' resiliency in addressing compassion fatigue.

Keywords: Compassion Fatigue, Resiliency, Trauma, Welfare, Coping Strategies, Self-care, Stress Debriefing

Tracer's Study of Graduates of Youth Development Session (Year 2023) in Boac, Marinduque

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This research is to know the perceived effect of Youth Development. Session on youth graduates. The study explores how the current status of the YDS Graduates of Boac, and development capacity of YDS Graduates in terms of Emotional Competence, Self-Efficacy, Social Competence, Behavioral Competence, and Self-Determination. Using a descriptive non-experimental quantitative design and surveys, the study has twenty (20) graduates of YDS (year 2022) aged between 15 and 30 years old.

Finding shows suggest that the YDS program has effectively equipped its graduates with essential developmental capacities across multiple domains. While there may be areas for further enhancement, such as bolstering self-efficacy, the program has succeeded in fostering a well-

rounded skill set among its participants, empowering them to navigate life's complexities with confidence and determination.

The benefits of youth development sessions include fostering personal growth, building essential life skills, promoting social interaction and community engagement, empowering young individuals, and cultivating respect for diversity, ultimately equipping them with the tools and confidence needed to succeed in various aspects of life. Recommendations include the Youth Development Session can further strengthen its impact on participants' development, fostering resilience, self-efficacy, and social competence, and empowering them to thrive in various aspects of their lives.

Keywords: Youth Development Session, Emotional Competence, Self-Efficacy, Social Competence, Behavioral Competence and Self-Determination

Level of Satisfaction of Elderly People to the Public Healthcare Services in Tabionan, Gasan, Marinduque

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This study assessed the level of satisfaction among elderly people regarding public healthcare services. As population age globally, understanding and addressing the healthcare needs of the elderly become paramount. Additionally, the study investigates the impact of socio-economic, demographic variables, accessibility, and quality of care on elderly satisfaction.

Findings contribute to the enhancement of public healthcare services tailored to meet the unique needs and preferences of elderly populations, ultimately striving to improve overall healthcare experiences and outcomes for this demographic. This was quantitative research and used a validated questionnaire to collect data from a convenience sample of 110 elderly people in Tabionan, Gasan, Marinduque. Data were analysed using descriptive statistics, independent sample test and one-way ANOVA. Most of the participants are somewhat dissatisfied (2.55%) when it comes to providing free medicine, and (2.42%) in access to free check-up. However, some of them answered neutral (2.42%) in quality of services, and (3.20%) in privileges in paying bills. The association level between age, gender, civil status, socio-economic status, and level of satisfaction with the public healthcare services was not statistically significant.

Keywords: Elderly People, Level of Satisfaction, Public Healthcare Services

Parenting Children with Special Needs

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This research delved into the lived experiences and parenting styles of parents with children with special reeds in the province of Marinduque, specifically in Barangay Laylay, Boac. Utilizing a phenomenological approach within qualitative research, seven parents voluntarily participated in in-depth interviews with open-ended questions, and the responses were meticulously transcribed and analyzed thematically.

The findings underscored the challenges faced by the participants, predominantly mothers (six) and one father, aged between 24 and 65. These challenges encompassed comprehending and nurturing children with various special needs, spanning mental/intellectual, physical, sensory, and developmental disabilities. Participants engaged in diverse livelihoods, including managing small stores, sewing, fish vending, and working as maids, to sustain their families.

Furthermore, difficulties encountered included understanding children's tantrums, finding appropriate clothing, emotional stress, financial challenges, and difficulties during sickness Despite these hurdles, parents exhibited resilience by ensuring education for their children with special needs, involving them in decision-making with guidance, and fostering participation in recreational activities to foster a sense of normalcy.

In addition, coping mechanisms included cultivating patience, drawing strength from seeking support from friends and family, and managing financial resources. The distribution of love, care, and support among all children underscored the importance of fostering strong family bonds.

Lastly, the central source of strength for these parents in facing the struggles with their children with special needs was their steadfast faith and belief in Almighty God. Their journey brought to light individual strengths, including fortitude, courage, and self-confidence.

Keywords: Parenting style, children with special needs, lived experiences

Lived Experiences of MSC Social Work Student with a Solo Parent

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This study focused on Social Work Students with Solo Parents, a significant problem that needed addressing. It employed a qualitative design to investigate the Lived Experience of MSC Social Work Students with Solo Parents. Specifically, in-depth interviews were conducted to thoroughly examine the subject. Six (6) Social Work students participated in the study, and thematic analysis was utilized.

From the data analysis, five major themes emerged regarding the challenges they experienced: (1) Financial Struggles; (2) Emotional challenges as children from solo parent families; (3) Emotional Turmoil due to Situational Adjustments of their Parents; (4) Physical Absence of Solo Parent; and (5) Social Challenges faced by children from solo parent families. Additionally, three themes were identified in the coping mechanisms of the participants: (1) Adaptability and Adjustment, (2) Strong Spirituality as a way to Resilience; and (3) Challenges Experienced as Coping and Motivation to Help Others. Despite the challenges and coping mechanisms of the participants, the researcher identified the support received by the participants. These two major themes are: (1) Financial and Educational Support; and (2) Community and Social Support.

The results revealed improvements in the lives of the participants as social work students, which contributed significantly to their ability to pursue their education. Their lived experiences can inspire and motivate other people to continue their education. Full support and guidance from family are needed to improve the situation of participants, with the coordination and guidance of the family.

Keywords: Solo Parent, Social Work Student

Lived Experiences of BS Social Work Students with Unplanned Pregnant

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This study aimed to determine the lived experiences of BS Social Work students with unplanned pregnancies. The data needed was gathered through a demographic questionnaire aided by an in-depth interview. The respondents of this study were 10 social work students with unplanned pregnancies from the Social Work Program.

The findings of the researchers revealed that most BS Social Work students with unplanned pregnancies are 21 to 22 years old and in their 3rd year of college. They were classified as low-wage families with only a Php 1,500-Php 5,000 monthly income. The effects of unplanned pregnancy on the respondents are initial family reaction, adjustment phase of the family,

pregnancy's education, and pregnancy perception. However, there are five sub-themes identified by the initial reaction of the family: madness, unhappiness, disappointment, shock at the current situation, and family expectations. While their coping mechanisms were The Child serving as inspiration to the mother, Perseverance in Education, Strengthening Spirituality, Family Support, Dealing with Different Stress, and Coping through social media.

It is hereby recommended that the respondents seek possible financial assistance or scholarships from different government agencies, such as the Commission on Higher Education (CHED) and the Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD), together with the LGUs that offer scholarship programs that will help them continue their studies. The Guidance and Counseling Unit may approach the respondents for their educational support, so they do not end up dropping out of school and allow them to keep going even if they unintentionally become pregnant. Moreover, the College Health Services Unit may provide awareness to the students regarding the cause and effect of unplanned pregnancy. Family planning may also consider giving m knowledge and making decisions about when or if they would like to have children. The rents may attend seminars regarding parenting style and responsible parenthood to gain knowledge about certain behaviors of children and how to deal with them. However, the orientation program may provide action, like referring the students to different agencies for possible action to prevent or lessen dropout rates. Additionally, the school may strengthen their grams and services for assistance and psychosocial services for the students who are struggling financially and emotionally, which resulted in them becoming OSY and having an unplanned pregnancy.

Keywords: Unplanned Pregnancy, Family Dynamics, Coping Mechanism

Profile of Marinduque State University College Graduates of TES Grantees from 2020-2022

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Jerilyn M. Molato

This study examined the profile of Tertiary Education Subsidy (TES) beneficiaries. The TES program aims to remove financial barriers to higher education. Through a case study research design and gathered data was statistically interpreted, data was collected from beneficiaries across different courses. The main objective was to identify challenges faced by beneficiaries, their coping strategies, to know if the tertiary education subsidy has been beneficial to them, whether have they secured employment and is it contributing to their parents well-being and insights gained from their personal experiences.

The findings revealed that although the TES program effectively addresses financial needs, beneficiaries encounter specific difficulties. Challenges include delayed fund disbursement. Despite obstacles, beneficiaries demonstrated resilience and resourcefulness in overcoming challenges. They expressed gratitude for the opportunities provided through the TES program and hoped for its continuation to support others facing financial constraints. The TES program has played a vital role in enabling the academic aspirations of many students. Its continuation will offer opportunities for individuals to realize their potential. This study provided insights into TES

beneficiaries, informing policymakers and educational institutions to improve program implementation and support.

Keywords: Profile of Tertiary Education Subsidy

The Lived Experiences of Abandoned Youngsters in the Selected Barangay of Boac

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This study explored the lived experiences of abandoned youngsters in Boac, Marinduque, focusing on the impact of fisher absence on their emotional and psychological development. Engaging five key informants aged 16 to 18, with diverse educational backgrounds, the study delved into their demographic profiles, revealing that most continued their education despite the challenges of abandonment. The findings highlighted the profound emotional turmoil and identity crises these youngsters faced due to the absence of their fathers, emphasizing feelings of loss, betrayal, and confusion about their identities.

The research further examined the ripple effects of father absence on family dynamics and the individual growth of these young people. It uncovered the resilience and maturity they exhibited in supporting their single mothers, who struggled financially to provide for the family. The importance of education emerged as a central theme, seen as a beacon of hope for a better future amidst financial and emotional hardship.

The study identified various coping mechanisms employed by the participants, including self-regulation, seeking support from friends, and leaning on older siblings. These strategies underscored a narrative of resilience as these young individuals navigated their complex feelings and circumstances.

In conclusion, the study painted a picture of strength and adaptability among youngsters growing up without fathers, emphasizing the significance of social support systems and personal resilience in overcoming the challenges of abandonment. Recommendations for schools, the Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD), parents, and future researchers were provided to address the challenges identified and to support affected individuals and families more effectively.

Challenges Faced by Fourth Year BS Social Work Students during their Field Instruction

First Semester of 2022-2023

Sheila Mae F. Regencia

Hanna Gabrielle T. Pereda

This qualitative phenomenological study delved into the challenges encountered by fourth-year Bachelor of Science in Social Work (BS Social Work) students during their agency-based field instruction in the first semester, academic year 2022-2023 at Marinduque State College. Eight participants, assigned to various agencies, including the Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD), Municipal Social Welfare and Development Office (MSWDO), and Provincial Social Welfare and Development Office (PSWDO), underwent semi-structured Focus Group Discussions via Google Meet for interviews.

The findings uncovered a multitude of challenges faced by fourth-year BS Social Work students, spanning academic requirements, client engagement, and supervision. These challenges encompassed a variety of issues, including document overload, struggles with time management, inadequate resources for documentation, and stress related to backlog completion. Additionally, in the realm of client engagement, students grappled with self-doubt, fear, and difficulties in controlling emotions during interactions. Supervision challenges further exacerbated the situation, with issues such as supervisor unavailability, a stringent supervisory approach, and concerns about a potentially toxic work environment.

Participants proposed interventions, including prioritizing time management, enhancing preparation and skills through more seminars, improving communication skills, and fostering

patience and empathy with clients. The study concluded that these challenges required targeted interventions to enhance the overall field instruction experience for social work students, focusing on academic requirements, client engagement, and effective communication with supervisors. The findings contributed to a deeper understanding of the experiences of fourth-year BS Social Work students, offering insights for future research and program improvement.

Challenges of Having Children with Intellectual Disability in Boac, Marinduque

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This study investigates the challenges faced by families of children with intellectual disabilities in Boac, Marinduque. The research explores the difficulties encountered by students with intellectual disabilities in adapting to new teachers, leading some to remain at home. Objectives include examining socio-demographic profiles, identifying challenges, and assessing educational supports. Findings reveal that respondents are primarily aged 13-16, diagnosed with Fragile X Syndrome, Down syndrome, or Prader-Willi Syndrome. Most respondents receive support from relatives or work independently. Challenges include managing children's behavior, distant schools, and financial constraints. Five of six respondents struggle with new instructors, influencing absenteeism. Educational supports vary, some receive financial aid from relatives or the government, while others lack consistent assistance. Schools initially provide support, but

pandemic disruptions diminish aid. Participants acknowledge the benefits of Special Education (SPED) but note occasional program lapses. Access to government services and school gifts helps alleviate financial strain. Purposive sampling was employed, focusing on non-random criteria. Challenges include managing mood swings and expenses, prompting absenteeism. Respondent's value SPED for its supportive environment and absence of discrimination. Access to government and educational programs is critical for intellectual disability support. The vast majority of respondents admitted that there are instances when the school is unable to cater to students' educational needs, forcing them to sustain themselves. Additionally, the respondents stated that their child's refusal to attend school was due to their inability to communicate with their new instructor. Another explanation given is that some of the respondents are from municipalities where there is no school for people with intellectual disabilities, therefore they are forced to pay money for transportation to school since they don't have money for daily needs.

Overall, the study emphasizes the importance of inclusive education and consistent support for children with intellectual disabilities. Challenges persist, particularly in accessing specialized schooling and sustaining educational needs, necessitating ongoing government and community support.

Keywords: Intellectual disabilities, Challenges, Families, Boac Marinduque, Students with Intellectual Disability

2019 Title Index

A

Assessment on the Academic Difficulties Encountered by Teenage Student Mothers in Marinduque State College: Basis for Intervention

Awareness of Pantawid Pamilyang Pilipino Program Beneficaries on Social Work Profession in the Municipality of Buenavista: It's Implication to Student Career Choice

D

Difficulties Experienced by Teenage Mothers in Municipality of Mogpog

E

Effects of Climate Change Among the Fisher folks in Brgy's Libas and Yook Buenavista Marinduque

Effects of Family Development Session (FDS) to 4P’s Beneficiaries in Tabi, Boac, Marinduque

Experiences by Bereaved Family- Their Difficulties and Remedial Action to Overcome: A Basis for Resiliency Model

Experiences, Challenges and Coping Mechanisms of Students with Physical Disabilities: It’s Impact to the Study

Experiences, Common Problems and Strategies of Teenage Mothers in Barangay Yook, Buenavista, Marinduque: A Case Analysis

I

Involvement of Children in Deep Sea Fishing at Barangays Paye and Sayao, Municipality of Mogpog, Marinduque

L

Level of Gender Understanding on Attributes of Male and Female Students of Marinduque State College

S

Self-Care Management of Social Work Practitioners in Marinduque Experiencing Stressfull Situation

Status of Health and Economic Situation of Senior Citizens in Brgy. Balanacan, Mogpog, Marinduque and their Level of Satisfaction

Status Of Registered Social Workers in Marinduque and their Career Satisfaction

T

The Problem Experienced, Coping Mechanism and its Effectiveness at Neglected Children in the Municipality of Boac: A Case Analysis

U

Utilization of Allowance among Expanded Students' Grant-in- Aid Program for Poverty Alleviation (ESGP-PA) Grantees of Marinduque State College - Boac Campus

2023 Title Index

A

A Tracer Study in the Graduates of Bachelor of Science in Social Work Marinduque State College Batch 202

C

Challenges Faced by Fourth Year BS Social Work Students during their Field Instruction First Semester of 2022-2023

Challenges of Having Children with Intellectual Disability in Boac, Marinduque

D

Determining Compassion Fatigue Coping among Social Work Practitioners in Marinduque

I

Improvements in the Lives of Graduates of Pantawid Pamilyang Pilipino Program (4P's) in District 8 of Mogpog, Marinduque

Improvements in the Lives of Graduate of Pantawid Pamilyang Pilipino (4P's) in District 2 of Mogpog, Marinduque

L

Level of Satisfaction of Elderly People to the Public Healthcare Services in Tabionan, Gasan, Marinduque

Lived Experiences of MSC Work Student with a Solo Parent

Lived Experiences of BS Social Work Students with Unplanned Pregnant

P

Parenting Children with Special Needs

Profile of Marinduque State University College Graduates of TES Grantees from 2020-2022

T

The Way of Life of the Filipino Centenarians in Marinduque, their Benefits and Privileges: A Qualitative Study

Tracer's Study of Graduates of Youth Development Session (Year 2023) in Boac, Marinduque

The Lived Experiences of Abandoned Youngsters in the Selected Barangay of Boac

S

Satisfaction Level of Person's with Mobility Disability on the Access to Public Transportation in Boac, Marinduque

2019 Author Index

A

Al-Amar P. Manubac

Andita P. Esmediana

Angelica Rose M. Malitao

B

Babelyn Jinang

Bernadine Sueno Leynes

C

Catherine S. Mabunga

Colee M. Largado

D

Dharel R. Mediana

Dianne Joy D. Rejano

Dianne L. Ebero

F

Florie Ann Medenilla

G

Garret Loise N. Malapit

I

Ivie Sevilla Villavicencio

J

Jay-Frey F. Loto

Jenny Lyn Magdalita Quijano

Jenny S. Privado

Jericka P. Sadiua

Jessa M. Rodelas

Jessieca R. Mabato

John Francis S. Morales

John Robert R. Sario

Jomel Ferrer Justiniano

Joshua Marcelo

Joy Ann M. Molbog

Judy Ann L. Metin

Julie Ann M. Nambio

Julie Monteagudo

Julius Larracas Estrada

K

Kherlyn T. Ornos

Kristine Manahan Saporna

Krisza Jane M. Monteras

L

Lanie S. Saysa

Leny M. Mon

M

Ma. Camille L. Mistal

Ma. Princess L. Sajul

Mae Bernadeth A. Molbog

Maria Ethel S. Lintot

Maria Mercene M. Rili

Marion Grace L. Jandulong

Marivic J. Pamfilo

Mary Ann M. Lamac

Mary Joy R. Mantal

Marylou L. Paras

Marylyn M. Malaylay

Mharvin Enriquez Julao

Mieko L. Mabango

Monica Sadiwa Larga

N

Naira L. Jalimbawa

R

Rachielle Ann I. Regencia

Reca Mae L. Macalood

Rhea Mae L. Arellano

Rhiena Ann M. Ogayre

Ronabelle Vitto

Rosalie Y. Fabul

Rossini A. Malaylay

W

Whyn Chee L. Naling

Z

Zyrelle Mae Rioflorido

2023 Author Index

B
Bayer, Krishaline R.

D
Daiz, Danica L.
Dela Cruz, Norilie L.

E
Estrella, R.A.

F
Ferrera, Clarisse L.

I
Ibasitas, Ross Ann L.

L
Landoy, Kenneth F.
Largado, Z.M.
Lecaros, Roville D.
Linga, Alyana Kem J.

M

Maalindog, N.E
Mabunga, Angel R.
Malitao, Daylyn Ann M.
Marciano, Chinee Lyn M.
Mascariñas, Maica J.
Matimtim, Joedy Lyn Jane M.
Merelos, John Czirrus N.
Molato, Jerilyn M.
Montero, K.L.
Montiano, A.L.

N

Noche, Josephine M.

O
Olpot, Joan Patrick M.
Oñate, Maria Jhemaline B.

P

Palomares, Ma. Alaiza R.
Parafina, Jonilyn
Pereda, Hanna Gabrielle T.
Portajada, Jennica L.

R
Ramiro, Joan T.
Ramos, Rosebeth L.
Recto, Angela M.
Regencia, Sheila Mae F.
Rodelas, Emilita R.

S
Sajul, J.S,